

PATIENT VISIT TO PRIMARY CARE PROVIDER

what do providers experience?



“You aren’t the only one. I have seen others do well in treatment for similar issues”

Connection with GP/NP

Considering:

- Patient may not have capacity to make appointment
- Access is an issue: may not be timely; not all patients are attached to primary care providers
- Patient may agitate office assistant to get appointment
- Patient may be functional or decompensating

Feeling:

RUSHED
not sufficient appointment time

Patient may or may not be forthcoming with addiction

Providing Care

Initial visit



Doing:

- Complete a history/physical exam
- Explore treatment options



Considering:

- How do we manage patients to ‘feel good’ compared to the endorphin rush they had with substances?
- Evidence base for addiction medicine may not be well understood by physicians



Feeling:

STRESS – Caught between patient demands and College requirements for prescribing opioids

FRUSTRATED – If patient is set on a treatment option that might not meet their expectation

Rural or First Nations

Considering:

- Barriers for continuity of care (cell phone and travel)
- Loss of confidentiality – need to tell band office reason for travel
- Provider-Patient may not be a fit

Opioid agonist treatment induction



Doing:

- Providing opioid agonist treatment
- Access addiction specialists



Considering:

- Do I have enough experience to start induction?
- Are there clinics with access nearby that can do this?
- Can I keep my patient comfortable during induction?
- Are there payment mechanisms in place?
- Do I have time to start an induction?



What’s important:

- Treating the underlying cause of addiction is as important as treating the addiction itself
- Treatment itself is inadequate – it requires a strong community support system



Feeling:

FEAR – Of College requirements for prescribing opioids

HESITATION – Less support available after regular treatment hours – I don’t want to bother my colleagues

WORRY – Risk of initiating Suboxone with inadequate specialized support

Opioid agonist treatment maintenance



Doing:

- Relationship management
- Regular follow-up visits



Considering:

- Physio and other pain therapies may not be affordable
- Patients may lose treatment options if they are arrested, or move, or have to travel
- Access and sustainability for programs



What’s important:

- Opioid agonist treatment needs to be a standard of practice
- There needs to be a network of support for patients in recovery



Feeling:

CONCERN – If doses missed, could lead to relapse

Substance use is not declared



Doing:

- Need to screen patients for substance use



Considering:

- Seeing injured children or family members may be a flag
- Patients often not willing to accept treatment



What’s important:

- Substance use issues are often unrecognized and unaddressed in seniors population
- Seniors need pain management from aging or chronic illnesses



Feeling:

GOOD – to discover an underlying reason for addiction

FRUSTRATION – when you know patients have substance use problem but they are pre-contemplative (not yet willing to accept treatment)

STIGMA – Patients fear judgement when the issue is raised

GUILT – Patients feel guilt when they relapse, but it is an opportunity to understand why

Declared issue with substance use



Doing:

- Ask patient what they need, what matters to them



Considering:

- Humanize – Recognize this is a vulnerable moment
- There is potential for confrontation
- Need to understand and address the underlying issues leading to addiction
- Look at stages of readiness



What’s important:

- Establish a relationship – an emotional connection. Invite them to return.
- Trust
- Address the bio, psycho, social, spiritual aspects of pain
- Give them hope that you can help



Feeling:

RELIEF – Declaration of substance use can be an ‘aha’ moment

CONCERN – for other patients in the waiting room

OVERWHELMED and **UNDERRESOURCED** – (especially in rural areas)

WORRY – Will I open the floodgates for others?

STIGMA – Will I still have a “family” practice?

EXCITED and **HOPEFUL** – When I have effective treatment options to offer